

Clinical Policy: Tocilizumab (Actemra), Tocilizumab-bavi (Tofidence)

Reference Number: CP.PHAR.263

Effective Date: 07.01.16 Last Review Date: 02.24 Line of Business: Medicaid

Coding Implications
Revision Log

See <u>Important Reminder</u> at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Tocilizumab (Actemra[®]) and its biosimilar [tocilizumab-bavi (TofidenceTM)] are interleukin 6 (IL-6) receptor antagonists.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Actemra and Tofidence are indicated for the treatment of:

- Adult patients with moderately to severely active rheumatoid arthritis (RA) who have had an inadequate response to one or more disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs (DMARDs)
- Patients 2 years of age and older with active polyarticular juvenile idiopathic arthritis (PJIA)
- Patients 2 years of age and older with active systemic juvenile idiopathic arthritis (SJIA)

Actemra is also indicated for the treatment of:

- Adult patients with giant cell arteritis (GCA)
- Slowing the rate of decline in pulmonary function in adult patients with systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease (SSc-ILD)
- Adults and pediatric patients 2 years of age and older with chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T cell-induced severe or life-threatening cytokine release syndrome (CRS)
- Hospitalized adult patients with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) who are receiving systemic corticosteroids and require supplemental oxygen, non-invasive or invasice mechanical ventiliaton, or extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO).

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Actemra and Tofidence are **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Coronavirus-19 Infection:

1. Initiation of outpatient treatment will not be authorized as Actemra is FDA-approved for use only in the hospitalized setting.

Approval duration: Not Applicable

B. Cytokine Release Syndrome (must meet all):

1. Request is for Actemra;



- 2. Request is for IV formulation;
- 3. Age \geq 2 years;
- 4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Member has a scheduled CAR T cell therapy (e.g., Abecma[®], Breyanzi[®], Kymriah[™], Tecartus[®], Yescarta[™]);
 - b. Member has developed refractory (i.e., inadequate response to steroids, vasopressors) CRS related to blinatumomab therapy;
- 5. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 800 mg per infusion for up to 4 total doses;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

Approval duration: Up to 4 doses total

C. Giant Cell Arteritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of GCA;
- 2. Request is for Actemra;
- 3. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 4. Age \geq 18 years;
- 5. Failure of a \geq 3 consecutive month trial of a systemic corticosteroid at up to maximally tolerated doses in conjunction with MTX or azathioprine, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 6. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 7. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. SC: 162 mg every week;
 - b. IV: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks.

Approval duration: 6 months

D. Polyarticular Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of PJIA* as evidenced by ≥ 5 joints with active arthritis; *Overlap of diagnosis exists in children with JIA and non-systemic polyarthritis, which may include children from ILAR JIA categories of enthesitis-related arthritis
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Age \geq 2 years;
- 4. Documented baseline 10-joint clinical juvenile arthritis disease activity score (cJADAS-10) (*see Appendix I*);
- 5. Member meets one of the following (a, b, c, or d):
 - a. Failure of $a \ge 3$ consecutive month trial of MTX at up to maximally indicated doses:
 - b. If intolerance or contraindication to MTX (see Appendix D), failure of a ≥ 3 consecutive month trial of leflunomide or sulfasalazine at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or both are contraindicated;



- c. For sacroiliitis/axial spine involvement (i.e., spine, hip), failure of a ≥ 4 week trial of an NSAID at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- d. Documented presence of high disease activity as evidenced by a cJADAS-10 > 8.5 (*see Appendix I*);
- 6. If request is for Tofidence, member meets ALL* of the following, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated (a, b, and c):
 - a. Member must use Actemra;
 - b. Failure of one adalimumab product (e.g. *Hadlima*[™], *Yusimry*[™], *adalimumab-adaz*, *adalimumab-adbm*, *and adalimumab-fkjp are preferred*), unless the member has had a history of failure of two TNF blockers;
 - c. If member has not responded or is intolerant to one or more TNF blockers, failure of Xeljanz[®], unless member has cardiovascular risk and benefits do not outweigh the risk of treatment;
 - *Prior authorization may be required for adalimumab products, Actemra, and Xeljanz
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines) (a or b):
 - a. Weight < 30 kg (i or ii):
 - i. 10 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks;
 - ii. Actemra only: 162 mg SC every 3 weeks;
 - b. Weight $\geq 30 \text{ kg (i or ii)}$:
 - i. 8 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks;
 - ii. Actemra only: 162 mg SC every 2 weeks.

Approval duration: 6 months

E. Rheumatoid Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of RA per American College of Rheumatology (ACR) criteria (*see Appendix F*);
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a rheumatologist;
- 3. Age \geq 18 years;
- 4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of a \geq 3 consecutive month trial of methotrexate (MTX) at up to maximally indicated doses;
 - b. Member has intolerance or contraindication to MTX (see Appendix D), and failure of a ≥ 3 consecutive month trial of at least ONE conventional DMARD (e.g., sulfasalazine, leflunomide, hydroxychloroquine) at up to maximally indicated doses, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated;
- 5. If request is for Tofidence, member meets ALL* of the following, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated (a, b, and c):
 - a. Member must use Actemra;



- b. Failure of one adalimumab product (e.g. *Hadlima, Yusimry, adalimumab-adaz, adalimumab-adbm, and adalimumab-fkjp are preferred*), unless the member has had a history of failure of two TNF blockers;
- c. If member has not responded or is intolerant to one or more TNF blockers, failure of Xeljanz/Xeljanz XR[®], unless member has cardiovascular risk and benefits do not outweigh the risk of treatment;

*Prior authorization may be required for adalimumab products, Actemra, and Xeljanz/Xeljanz XR

- 6. Documentation of one of the following baseline assessment scores (a or b):
 - a. Clinical disease activity index (CDAI) score (see Appendix G);
 - b. Routine assessment of patient index data 3 (RAPID3) score (see Appendix H);
- 7. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 8. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. IV: 800 mg every 4 weeks;
 - b. Actemra only, SC: 162 mg every week.

Approval duration: 6 months

F. Systemic Juvenile Idiopathic Arthritis (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of SJIA;
- 2. Prescribed by or in consultation with a dermatologist, rheumatologist, or gastroenterologist;
- 3. Age ≥ 2 years;
- 4. Member meets one of the following (a or b):
 - a. Failure of a ≥ 3 consecutive month trial of MTX or leflunomide at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
 - Failure of a ≥ 2-week trial of a systemic corticosteroid at up to maximally indicated doses, unless contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 5. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 6. Dose does not exceed one of the following (a or b):
 - a. IV (see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines) (i or ii):
 - i. Weight < 30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks;
 - ii. Weight \geq 30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks;
 - b. Actemra only, SC (i or ii):
 - i. Weight < 30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks;
 - ii. Weight \geq 30 kg: 162 mg every week.

Approval duration: 6 months

G. Systemic Sclerosis – Associated Interstitial Lung Disease (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of SSc-ILD;
- 2. Request is for Actemra;
- 3. Request is for SC formulation;



- 4. Prescribed by or in consultation with a pulmonologist or rheumatologist;
- 5. Member meets both of the following (a and b):
 - a. Pulmonary fibrosis on high-resolution computed tomography (HRCT);
 - b. Additional signs of SSc are identified (see Appendix J);
- 6. Failure of a ≥ 3 consecutive month trial of cyclophosphamide or mycophenolate mofetil, at up to maximally indicated doses, unless both are contraindicated or clinically significant adverse effects are experienced;
- 7. Baseline forced vital capacity (FVC) \geq 40% of predicted;
- 8. Baseline carbon monoxide diffusing capacity (DLCO) $\geq 30\%$ of predicted;
- 9. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 10. Dose does not exceed 162 mg every week.

Approval duration: 6 months

H. Castleman's Disease (off-label) (must meet all):

- 1. Diagnosis of Castleman's disease;
- 2. Disease is relapsed/refractory or progressive;
- 3. Member is human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)-negative and human herpesvirus 8 (HHV-8)-negative;
- 4. Prescribed as second-line therapy as a single agent;
- 5. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 6. Request meets one of the following (a or b):*
 - a. Dose does not exceed 8 mg/kg per infusion every 2 weeks;
 - b. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

Approval duration: 6 months

I. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

^{*}Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN



II. Continued Therapy

A. Coronavirus-19 Infection:

1. Continuation of therapy in the outpatient setting will not be authorized as Actemra is FDA-approved for use only in the hospitalized setting as a single dose, with an optional second dose.

Approval duration: Not Applicable

B. All Other Indications in Section I (must meet all):

- 1. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or, c):
 - a. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
 - b. Member is currently receiving medication and is enrolled in a state and product with continuity of care regulations (refer to state specific addendums for CC.PHARM.03A and CC.PHARM.03B);
 - c. Documentation supports that member is currently receiving Actemra IV for CAR T cell-induced CRS and member has not yet received 4 doses total;
- 2. Member meets one of the following (a, b, or c):
 - a. For RA: member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. A decrease in CDAI (*see Appendix G*) or RAPID3 (*see Appendix H*) score from baseline;
 - ii. Medical justification stating inability to conduct CDAI re-assessment, and submission of RAPID3 score associated with disease severity that is similar to initial CDAI assessment or improved;
 - b. For pJIA, member is responding positively to therapy as evidenced by a decrease in cJADAS-10 from baseline (*see Appendix I*);
 - c. For all other indications: member is responding positively to therapy;
- 3. Member does not have combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs or Janus kinase inhibitors (see Section III: Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized);
- 4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed one of the following (a, b, c, d, e, f, or g):
 - a. CRS: 800 mg per infusion for up to 4 doses total, or dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (prescriber must submit supporting evidence);
 - b. PJIA (see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines) (i or ii):
 - i. Weight < 30 kg (a or b):
 - a. 10 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks;
 - b. Actemra only: 162 mg SC every 3 weeks;
 - ii. Weight \geq 30 kg (a or b):
 - a. 8 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks;
 - b. Actemra only: 162 mg SC every 2 weeks;
 - c. RA (i or ii):
 - i. IV: 800 mg every 4 weeks;
 - ii. Actemra only, SC: 162 mg every week;



- d. GCA: Dose does not exceed one of the following (i or ii):
 - i. SC: 162 mg every week;
 - ii. IV: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks.
- e. SSc-ILD: 162 mg SC every week;
- f. SJIA (i or ii):
 - i. IV (see Appendix E for dose rounding guidelines) (1 or 2):
 - 1) Weight < 30 kg: 12 mg/kg every 2 weeks;
 - 2) Weight \geq 30 kg: 8 mg/kg every 2 weeks;
 - ii. Actemra only, SC (1 or 2):
 - 1) Weight < 30 kg: 162 mg every 2 weeks;
 - 2) Weight \geq 30 kg: 162 mg every week;
- g. Castleman's Disease (i or ii):*
 - i. Dose does not exceed 8 mg/kg per infusion every 2 weeks;
 - ii. Dose is supported by practice guidelines or peer-reviewed literature for the relevant off-label use (*prescriber must submit supporting evidence*).

*Prescribed regimen must be FDA-approved or recommended by NCCN

Approval duration:

CRS: Up to 4 doses total

All other indications: 12 months

C. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2):

- 1. If this drug has recently (within the last 6 months) undergone a label change (e.g., newly approved indication, age expansion, new dosing regimen) that is not yet reflected in this policy, refer to one of the following policies (a or b):
 - a. For drugs on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the no coverage criteria policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.255 for Medicaid; or
 - b. For drugs NOT on the formulary (commercial, health insurance marketplace) or PDL (Medicaid), the non-formulary policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.16 for Medicaid; or
- 2. If the requested use (e.g., diagnosis, age, dosing regimen) is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized) AND criterion 1 above does not apply, refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business: CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

- **A.** Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid or evidence of coverage documents;
- B. Combination use with biological disease-modifying antirheumatic drugs (bDMARDs) or potent immunosuppressants, including but not limited to any tumor necrosis factor (TNF) antagonists [e.g., Cimzia[®], Enbrel[®], Humira[®] and its biosimilars, Simponi[®], Avsola[™], Inflectra[™], Remicade[®], Renflexis[™]], interleukin agents [e.g., Arcalyst[®] (IL-1 blocker), Ilaris[®] (IL-1 blocker), Kineret[®] (IL-1RA), Actemra[®] (IL-6RA), Tofidence[™] (IL-6RA), Kevzara[®] (IL-6RA), Stelara[®] (IL-12/23 inhibitor), Cosentyx[®] (IL-17A inhibitor), Taltz[®] (IL-17A inhibitor), Siliq[™] (IL-17RA), Ilumya[™] (IL-23 inhibitor), Skyrizi[™] (IL-23



inhibitor), Tremfya[®] (IL-23 inhibitor)], Janus kinase inhibitors (JAKi) [e.g., Xeljanz[®]/Xeljanz[®] XR, Cibinqo[™], Olumiant[™], Rinvoq[™]], anti-CD20 monoclonal antibodies [Rituxan[®], Riabni[™], Ruxience[™], Truxima[®], Rituxan Hycela[®]], selective costimulation modulators [Orencia[®]], and integrin receptor antagonists [Entyvio[®]] because of the additive immunosuppression, increased risk of neutropenia, as well as increased risk of serious infections.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key

CAR: chimeric antigen receptor CDAI: clinical disease activity index cJADAS: clinica juvenile arthritis

disease activity score

COVID-19: Coronavirus Disease 2019

CRS: cytokine release syndrome DLCO: carbon monoxide diffusing

capacity

DMARDs: disease-modifying anti-

rheumatic drugs

FDA: Food and Drug Administration

FVC: forced vital capacity GCA: giant cell arteritis GI: gastrointestinal

HHV-8: human herpesvirus 8

HIV: human immunodeficiency virus

IL-6: interleukin 6 MTX: methotrexate

PJIA: polyarticular juvenile idiopathic

arthritis

RA: rheumatoid arthritis

RAPID3: routine assessment of patient

index data 3

SJIA: systemic juvenile idiopathic

arthritis

SSc-ILD: systemic sclerosis-associated

interstitial lung disease

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives

This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
azathioprine	RA	2.5 mg/kg/day
(Azasan [®] , Imuran [®])	1 mg/kg/day PO QD or divided BID	
	GCA*	
	1.5 – 2 mg/kg/day PO	
corticosteroids	GCA*, SJIA*	Various
	Various	
Cuprimine®	RA*	1,500 mg/day
(d-penicillamine)	<u>Initial dose:</u>	
	125 or 250 mg PO QD	
	Maintenance dose:	
	500 – 750 mg/day PO QD	
Cyclophosphamide	SSc-ILD*	PO: 2 mg/kg/day
(Cytoxan [®] ,	PO: $1 - 2 \text{ mg/kg/day}$	IV: 600 mg/m ² /month
Neosar®)	IV: 600 mg/m ² /month	



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
cyclosporine (Sandimmune [®] , Neoral [®])	RA 2.5 – 4 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	4 mg/kg/day
hydroxychloroquine (Plaquenil®)	RA* Initial dose: 400 – 600 mg/day PO QD Maintenance dose: 200 – 400 mg/day PO QD	600 mg/day
leflunomide (Arava®)	PJIA* Weight < 20 kg: 10 mg every other day Weight 20 – 40 kg: 10 mg/day Weight > 40 kg: 20 mg/day	PJIA, RA: 20 mg/day SJIA: 10 mg every other day
	RA Initial dose (for low risk hepatotoxicity or myelosuppression): 100 mg PO QD for 3 days Maintenance dose: 20 mg PO QD	
	SJIA* 100 mg PO every other day for 2 days, then 10 mg every other day	
methotrexate (Trexall®, Otrexup TM ,	GCA* 20 – 25 mg/week PO	30 mg/week
Rasuvo [®] , RediTrex [®] , Xatmep TM ,	PJIA* $10 - 20 \text{ mg/m}^2/\text{week PO, SC, or IM}$	
Rheumatrex®)	RA 7.5 mg/week PO, SC, or IM or 2.5 mg PO Q12 hr for 3 doses/week	
	SJIA* 0.5-1 mg/kg/week PO or SC	
mycophenolate mofetil (CellCept®)	SSc-ILD* PO: 1 – 3 g/day	3 g/day
Ridaura [®] (auranofin)	RA 6 mg PO QD or 3 mg PO BID	9 mg/day (3 mg TID)
sulfasalazine (Azulfidine®)	PJIA* 30-50 mg/kg/day PO divided BID	PJIA: 2 g/day RA: 3 g/day
	RA 2 g/day PO in divided doses	



Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/
Hadlima (adalimumab- bwwd), Yusimry (adalimumab- aqvh), adalimumab- adaz (Hyrimoz [®]), adalimumab-fkjp (Hulio [®]), adalimumab-adbm (Cyltezo [®])	RA 40 mg SC every other week pJIA Hadlima, Hyrimoz, Cyltezo: Weight 10 kg (22 lbs) to < 15 kg (33 lbs): 10 mg SC every other week Hadlima, Hulio, Cyltezo: Weight 15 kg (33 lbs) to < 30 kg (66 lbs): 20 mg SC every other week Hadlima, Hulio, Hyrimoz, Yusimry, Cyltezo: Weight ≥ 30 kg (66 lbs): 40 mg SC every other week	Maximum Dose 40 mg every other week
Xeljanz (tofacitinib)	 pJIA 10 kg ≤ body weight < 20 kg: 3.2 mg (3.2 mL oral solution) PO BID 20 kg ≤ body weight < 40 kg: 4 mg (4 mL oral solution) PO BID Body weight ≥ 40 kg: 5 mg PO BID RA 5 mg PO BID 	10 mg/day
Xeljanz XR® (tofacitinib extended-release)	RA 11 mg PO QD	11 mg/day

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name[®] (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name[®]) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.
*Off-label

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): known hypersensitivity to tocilizumab products
- Boxed warning(s): risk of serious infections

Appendix D: General Information

- Definition of failure of MTX or DMARDs
 - Child-bearing age is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. Each drug has
 risks in pregnancy. An educated patient and family planning would allow use of MTX
 in patients who have no intention of immediate pregnancy.
 - Social use of alcohol is not considered a contraindication for use of MTX. MTX may only be contraindicated if patients choose to drink over 14 units of alcohol per week. However, excessive alcohol drinking can lead to worsening of the condition, so



patients who are serious about clinical response to therapy should refrain from excessive alcohol consumption.

- Examples of positive response to therapy may include, but are not limited to:
 - o Reduction in joint pain/swelling/tenderness
 - o Improvement in ESR/CRP levels
 - o Improvements in activities of daily living

Appendix E: Dose Rounding Guidelines for PJIA and SJIA

Weight-based Dose Range	Vial Quantity Recommendation
≤ 83.99 mg	1 vial of 80 mg/4 mL
84 to 209.99 mg	1 vial of 200 mg/10 mL
210 to 419.99 mg	1 vial of 400 mg/20 mL
420 to 503.99 mg	1 vial of 80 mg/4 mL and 1 vial 400 mg/20 mL
504 to 629.99 mg	1 vial of 200 mg/10 mL and 1 vial 400 mg/20 mL
630 to 839.99 mg	2 vials 400 mg/20 mL
840 to 923.99 mg	1 vial of 80 mg/4 mL and 2 vials 400 mg/20 mL
924 to 1,049.99 mg	1 vial of 200 mg/10 mL and 2 vials 400 mg/20 mL
1050 to 1,259.99 mg	3 vials 400 mg/20 mL

Appendix F: The 2010 ACR Classification Criteria for RA

Add score of categories A through D; a score of ≥ 6 out of 10 is needed for classification of a

patient as having definite RA.

A	Joint involvement	Score
	1 large joint	0
	2-10 large joints	1
	1-3 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)	2
	4-10 small joints (with or without involvement of large joints)	3
	> 10 joints (at least one small joint)	5
В	Serology (at least one test result is needed for classification)	
	Negative rheumatoid factor (RF) and negative anti-citrullinated protein	0
	antibody (ACPA)	
	Low positive RF or low positive ACPA	2
	*Low: < 3 x upper limit of normal	
	High positive RF or high positive ACPA	3
	* $High: \geq 3 x$ upper limit of normal	
C	Acute phase reactants (at least one test result is needed for classification)	
	Normal C-reactive protein (CRP) and normal erythrocyte sedimentation rate	0
	(ESR)	
	Abnormal CRP or abnormal ESR	1
D	Duration of symptoms	
	< 6 weeks	0
	≥ 6 weeks	1



Appendix G: Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) Score

The Clinical Disease Activity Index (CDAI) is a composite index for assessing disease activity in RA. CDAI is based on the simple summation of the count of swollen/tender joint count of 28 joints along with patient and physician global assessment on VAS (0–10 cm) Scale for estimating disease activity. The CDAI score ranges from 0 to 76.

CDAI Score	Disease state interpretation
≤ 2.8	Remission
$> 2.8 \text{ to} \le 10$	Low disease activity
$> 10 \text{ to } \le 22$	Moderate disease activity
> 22	High disease activity

Appendix H: Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) Score

The Routine Assessment of Patient Index Data 3 (RAPID3) is a pooled index of the three patient-reported ACR core data set measures: function, pain, and patient global estimate of status. Each of the individual measures is scored 0-10, and the maximum achievable score is 30.

RAPID3 Score	Disease state interpretation
≤3	Remission
3.1 to 6	Low disease activity
6.1 to 12	Moderate disease activity
> 12	High disease activity

Appendix I: Clinical Juvenile Arthritis Disease Activity Score based on 10 joints (cJADAS-10)

The cJADAS10 is a continuous disease activity score specific to JIA and consisting of the following three parameters totaling a maximum of 30 points:

- Physician's global assessment of disease activity measured on a 0-10 visual analog scale (VAS), where 0 = no activity and 10 = maximum activity;
- Parent global assessment of well-being measured on a 0-10 VAS, where 0 = very well and 10 = very poor;
- Count of joints with active disease to a maximum count of 10 active joints*

*ACR definition of active joint: presence of swelling (not due to currently inactive synovitis or to bony enlargement) or, if swelling is not present, limitation of motion accompanied by pain, tenderness, or both

cJADAS-10	Disease state interpretation
≤ 1	Inactive disease
1.1 to 2.5	Low disease activity
2.51 to 8.5	Moderate disease activity
> 8.5	High disease activity

Appendix J: American College of Rheumatology (ACR) 2013 SSc Classification Criteria While the majority of patients with SSc experience skin thickening and variable involvement of internal organs, there is no one confirmatory test for SSc. Similar to the IPF guidelines above, ACR lists HRCT as a diagnostic method for determining pulmonary fibrosis in SSc-ILD. The other diagnostic parameters below are drawn from ACR's scoring system purposed for clinical trials. While informative, ACR cautions that the scoring system parameters are not all inclusive of the myriad of SSc manifestations that may occur across musculoskeletal, cardiovascular, renal, neuromuscular and genitourinary systems.



Examples of SSc skin/internal organ manifestations and associated laboratory tests:

- Skin thickening of the fingers
- Fingertip lesions
- Telangiectasia
- Abnormal nailfold capillaries
- Raynaud's phenomenon
- SSc-ILD

- Pulmonary arterial hypertension
- SSc-related autoantibodies
- Anticentromere
- Anti-topoisomerase I (anti-Scl-70)
- Anti-RNA polymerase III

V. Dosage and Administration

	Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
Tocilizumab	PJIA	Actemra, Tofidence:	IV: 10 mg/kg
(Actemra) and		• Weight < 30 kg: 10 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks	every 4 weeks
biosimilar tocilizumab-		• Weight ≥ 30 kg: 8 mg/kg IV every 4 weeks	SC: 162 mg every 2 weeks
bavi		See Appendix E for dose rounding	
(Tofidence)		guidelines	
		Actemra:	
		• Weight < 30 kg: 162 mg SC every 3 weeks	
		• Weight ≥ 30 kg: 162 mg SC every 2 weeks	
	RA	Actemra, Tofidence:	IV: 800 mg
		IV: 4 mg/kg every 4 weeks followed by	every 4 weeks
		an increase to 8 mg/kg every 4 weeks based on clinical response	SC: 162 mg
		based on enimear response	every week
		Actemra:	
		SC: Weight < 100 kg: 162 mg SC every	
		other week, followed by an increase to	
		every week based on clinical response	
		Weight ≥ 100 kg: 162 mg SC every	
		week	
	SJIA	Actemra, Tofidence:	IV: 12 mg/kg
		IV: Weight < 30 kg: 12 mg/kg IV every 2	every 2 weeks
		weeks	SC: 162 mg
		Weight \geq 30 kg: 8 mg/kg IV every 2	every week
		weeks	
		See Appendix E for dose rounding	
		guidelines	



	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
	Actemra: SC: Weight < 30 kg: 162 mg SC every 2 weeks Weight ≥ 30 kg: 162 mg SC every week	
CRS	Weight < 30 kg: 12 mg/kg IV per infusion Weight ≥ 30 kg: 8 mg/kg IV per infusion If no clinical improvement in the signs and symptoms of CRS occurs after the first dose, up to 3 additional doses of Actemra may be administered. The	IV: 800 mg/infusion, up to 4 doses
GCA SSc-ILD	should be at least 8 hours. IV: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks in combination with a tapering course of glucocorticoids SC: 162 mg SC every week (every other week may be given based on clinical considerations) 162 mg SC once weekly	IV: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks SC: 162 mg every week
	GCA	SC: Weight < 30 kg: 162 mg SC every 2 weeks Weight ≥ 30 kg: 162 mg SC every week CRS Weight < 30 kg: 12 mg/kg IV per infusion Weight ≥ 30 kg: 8 mg/kg IV per infusion If no clinical improvement in the signs and symptoms of CRS occurs after the first dose, up to 3 additional doses of Actemra may be administered. The interval between consecutive doses should be at least 8 hours. GCA IV: 6 mg/kg every 4 weeks in combination with a tapering course of glucocorticoids SC: 162 mg SC every week (every other week may be given based on clinical considerations)

VI. Product Availability

Drug Name	Availability
Tocilizumab	• Single-use vial: 80 mg/4 mL, 200 mg/10 mL, 400 mg/20 mL
(Actemra)	• Single-dose prefilled syringe: 162 mg/0.9 mL
	• Single-dose prefilled autoinjector: 162 mg/0.9 mL
Tocilizumab-bavi	• Single-dose vial: 80 mg/4 mL, 200 mg/10 mL, 400 mg/20 mL
(Tofidence)	

VII. References

- 1. Actemra Prescribing Information. South San Francisco, CA: Genentech; December 2022. Available at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2022/125276s138lbl.pdf. Accessed October 5, 2023.
- 2. Tofidence Prescribing Information. Cambridge, MA: Biogen MA Inc; September 2023. Available at: https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/drugsatfda_docs/label/2023/761354s000lbl.pdf. Accessed October 5, 2023.
- 3. Actemra. In: National Comprehensive Cancer Network Drugs and Biologics Compendium. Available at: http://www.nccn.org/professionals/drug_compendium. Accessed January 4, 2023.
- 4. Clinical Pharmacology [database online]. Tampa, FL: Gold Standard, Inc.; 2023. Available at: https://www.clinicalkey.com/pharmacology/. Accessed January 4, 2023.



- 5. Fraenkel L, Bathon JM, Enggland BR, et al. 2021 American College of Rheumatology Guideline for the Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis. *Arthritis Care & Research*. 2021; 73(7):924-939. DOI 10.1002/acr.24596.
- 6. Ringold S, Angeles-Han ST, Beukelman T, et al. 2019 American College of Rheumatology/Arthritis Foundation guideline for the treatment of juvenile idiopathic arthritis: therapeutic approaches for non-systemic polyarthritis, sacroiliitis, and enthesitis. *Arthritis Care and Research*. 2019:71(6):717-734. DOI 10.1002/acr.23870.
- 7. Maz Mehrdad, Chung SA, Abril A, et al, 2021 American College of Rheumatology/Vasculitis Foundation guideline for the management of giant cell arteritis and Takayasu arteritis. *Arthritis Care & Research*. 2021; 73(8):1071-1087. DOI 10.1002/acr.24632.
- 8. Kapriniotis K, Lampridis S, Mitsos S, et al. Biologic agents in the treatment of multicentric Castleman Disease. *Turk Thorac J.* 2018; 19(4):220-5. DOI: 10.5152/TurkThoracJ.2018.18066.
- 9. Kowal-Bielecka O, Fransen J, Avouac J, et al. Update of EULAR recommendations for the treatment of systemic sclerosis. *Annals of the Rheumatic Diseases*. 2017;76:1327-1339.
- 10. Cottin V and Brown K. Interstitial lung disease associated with systemic sclerosis (SSc-ILD). *Respiratory Research.* 2019; 20(13). Doi: 10.1186/s12931-019-0980-7.
- 11. Khanna D, Lin CJF, Furst DE, et al. Tocilizumab in systemic sclerosis: a randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial. *Lancet*. 2020; 8(10:963-974. Doi: 10.1016/S2213-2600(20)30318-0.
- 12. van den Hoogen F, Khanna D, Fransen J, et al. 2013 classification criteria for systemic sclerosis: an American College of Rheumatology/European League against Rheumatism Collaborative Initiative. Ann Rheum Dis. 2013; 72:1747-1755.
- 13. National Comprehensive Cancer Network. B-Cell Lymphomas Cancer Version 5.2022. Available at: https://www.nccn.org/professionals/physician_gls/pdf/b-cell.pdf. Accessed January 4, 2023.
- 14. COVID-19 Treatment Guidelines Panel. Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Treatment Guidelines. National Institutes of Health. Available at: https://www.covid19treatmentguidelines.nih.gov/. Accessed January 6, 2023.

Coding Implications

Codes referenced in this clinical policy are for informational purposes only. Inclusion or exclusion of any codes does not guarantee coverage. Providers should reference the most up-to-date sources of professional coding guidance prior to the submission of claims for reimbursement of covered services.

HCPCS Codes	Description
J3262	Injection, tocilizumab, 1 mg
J3590, C9399	Subcutaneous tocilizumab (unclassified drugs or biologicals)

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T
		Approval Date
2Q 2019 annual review: no significant changes; revised GI specialist to gastroenterologist for specialist requirement for SJIA; added	02.26.19	05.19
autoinjector formulation; added HIM-Medical Benefit option for autoinjector formulation; references reviewed and updated.		



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T
		Approval
		Date
Removed HIM line of business; updated preferred redirections based on SDC recommendation and prior clinical guidance: for PJIA, removed redirection to adalimumab and added redirection to Enbrel; for RA, removed redirection to adalimumab, added redirection to 2 of 3: Enbrel, Kevzara, and Xeljanz/Xeljanz XR; added subcutaneous dosing for SJIA in the continuation criteria.	12.13.19	
2Q 2020 annual review: for RA, added specific diagnostic criteria for definite RA, baseline CDAI score requirement, and decrease in CDAI score as positive response to therapy; allowed refractory CRS related to blinatumomab therapy per NCCN; added off-label use criteria for Castlemna's disease per NCCN; added dose rounding guidelines for IV weight-based dosing for PJIA and SJIA; references reviewed and updated.	04.23.20	05.20
Revised typo in Appendix E from "normal ESR" to "abnormal ESR" for a point gained for ACR Classification Criteria.	11.22.20	
Updated pJIA criteria to require diagnosis as evidenced by ≥ 5 joints, cJADAS assessment, and rediretion to Enbrel and Xeljanz per SDC. Additionally, updated criteria to allow tiered redirection or bypass of MTX in the event of sacroiliitis or high disease activity. Added criteria for RAPID3 assessment for RA given limited in-person visits during COVID-19 pandemic, updated appendices.	11.24.20	02.21
2Q 2021 annual review: added combination of bDMARDs under Section III; updated CDAI table with ">" to prevent overlap in classification of severity; references reviewed and updated. RT4: added criteria for new FDA indication, SSc-ILD.	02.23.21	05.21
SSc-ILD: added rheumatologist prescriber option per specialist feedback and added baseline FVC/DLCO requirements; RT4: added information regarding Actemra EUA for COVID-19 hospitalized patients.	06.30.21	08.21
Per August SDC and prior clinical guidance, for RA removed redirection to alternative bDMARDs; for Xeljanz redirection requirements added bypass for members with cardiovascular risk and qualified redirection to apply only for member that has not responded or is intolerant to one or more TNF blockers.	08.25.21	11.21
2Q 2022 annual review: for pJIA, removed redirections to Enbrel and Xeljanz per February SDC; RT4: added newly FDA-approved dosing for intravenous Actemra for GCA; reiterated requirement against combination use with a bDMARD or JAKi from Section III to Sections I and II; references reviewed and updated.	05.02.22	05.22
Template changes applied to other diagnoses/indications and continued therapy section.	10.13.22	
2Q 2023 annual review: RT4: revised criteria for COVID-19 emergency authorized use to FDA-approved indication; removed Appendix K since Actemra does not have EUA and is approved for	01.03.23	05.23



Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval
		Date Date
COVID-19; updated off-label dosing in Appendix B; references		
reviewed and updated.		
RT4: added newly approved biosimilar Tofidence to pJIA, RA, sJIA	10.05.23	
criteria and added "request is for Actemra" for indications not		
approved for Tofidence use; for pJIA for Tofidence requests, added		
redirection to preferred agents Actemra, adalimumab product, and		
Xeljanz; for RA for Tofidence requests, added redirection to preferred		
agents Actemra, adalimumab product, Kevzara, and Xeljanz/Xeljanz		
XR or Olumiant; added Tofidence dosing to section V; updated		
Appendix B with relevant therapeutic alternatives; added Tofidence to		
section III.B; removed HCPCS code Q0249 as code only applies to		
Actemra EUA use.		
Per December SDC, added adalimumab-adbm to listed examples of	12.06.23	02.24
preferred adalimumab products; for RA removed redirection to		
Kevzara and Olumiant.		

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.



This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note:

For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.

©2016 Centene Corporation. All rights reserved. All materials are exclusively owned by Centene Corporation and are protected by United States copyright law and international copyright law. No part of this publication may be reproduced, copied, modified, distributed, displayed, stored in a retrieval system, transmitted in any form or by any means, or otherwise published without the prior written permission of Centene Corporation. You may not alter or remove any trademark, copyright or other notice contained herein. Centene® and Centene Corporation® are registered trademarks exclusively owned by Centene Corporation.